

REFERENCE: BP12.R023

PROJECT: N/A

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**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
**DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS**  
**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**

**STRUCTURE**  
**SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

COUNTY CLEVELAND COUNTY  
 PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 202 ON  
SR 1639 (ELAM ROAD) OVER KNOB CREEK

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	BP12.R023	1	17

**CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

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PERSONNEL

B. KEBEA  
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INVESTIGATED BY S&ME, INC.  
 DRAWN BY C. CHANDLER  
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Stacie Mitchell 5/26/2022  
 SIGNATURE DATE

**DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL  
 UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED**

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT  
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION  
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

**SOIL DESCRIPTION**  
SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T 206, ASTM D1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, *VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6*

**SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION**

GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (<= 35% PASSING #200)							SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)							ORGANIC MATERIALS		
	A-1	A-1-b	A-1-c	A-2	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7	
GROUP CLASS.	A-1-a	A-1-b	A-1-c	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7		
SYMBOL																	
% PASSING #10 #40 #200	50 MX 30 MX 15 MX	50 MX 25 MX	51 MN	35 MX 35 MX	35 MX 35 MX	35 MX 35 MX	35 MX 35 MX	36 MN 36 MN	36 MN 36 MN	36 MN 36 MN	36 MN 36 MN						
MATERIAL PASSING #40 LL PI	— 6 MX	— NP	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN	40 MX 41 MN						
GROUP INDEX	0	0	0	4 MX	8 MX	12 MX	16 MX	NO MX									
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL, AND SAND	FINE SAND	SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND	SILTY SOILS	CLAYEY SOILS												
GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD							FAIR TO POOR			FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSATURABLE				

PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30

**CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS**

PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT <sup>2</sup> )
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESSIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	< 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 > 50	N/A
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	< 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30	< 0.25 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 > 4

**TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE**

U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270
	4.75	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053
Boulder (BLDR.)						
Cobble (COB.)						
Gravel (GR.)						
Coarse Sand (CS, SD.)						
Fine Sand (F SD.)						
Silt (SL.)						
Clay (CL.)						
GRAIN SIZE	305	75	2.0	0.25	0.05	0.005
MM						
IN.	12	3				

**SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS**

SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION
LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE
PL - PLASTIC LIMIT	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE
SL - SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE

**PLASTICITY**

NON PLASTIC	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	DRY STRENGTH
Slightly Plastic	0-5	VERY LOW
Moderately Plastic	6-15	SLIGHT
Highly Plastic	16-25	MEDIUM
	26 OR MORE	HIGH

**COLOR**  
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-BROWN). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

**GRADATION**  
WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.  
UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE.  
GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.

**ANGULARITY OF GRAINS**  
THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.

**MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION**  
MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.

**COMPRESSIBILITY**  
SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31  
MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50  
HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50

**PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL**

	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL
ORGANIC MATERIAL			
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE 1 - 10%
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE 10 - 20%
MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 10%	12 - 20%	SOME 20 - 35%
HIGHLY ORGANIC	> 10%	> 20%	HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE

**GROUND WATER**

WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING

STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS

PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA

SPRING OR SEEP

**MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS**


**RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS**


**ABBREVIATIONS**

AR - AUGER REFUSAL	ME. - MEDIUM MICA - MICACEOUS	VST - VANE SHEAR TEST
BT - BORING TERMINATED	MOD. - MODERATELY NP - NON PLASTIC	WEA. - WEATHERED
CL. - CLAY	ORG. - ORGANIC	U - UNIT WEIGHT
CPT - CORE PENETRATION TEST	PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST	U <sub>g</sub> - DRY UNIT WEIGHT
CSE. - COARSE	SAP. - SAPROLITIC	
DMT - DILATOMETER TEST	SD. - SAND, SANDY	<b>SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS</b>
DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST	SL. - SILTY, SILTY	S - BULK
e - VOID RATIO	SLI. - SLIGHTLY	SS - SPLIT SPOON
F - FINE	TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL	ST - SHELBY TUBE
FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS	w - MOISTURE CONTENT	RS - ROCK
FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES		RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL
FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS		CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO
HI. - HIGHLY		

**EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT**

<input type="checkbox"/> DRILL UNITS:	<input type="checkbox"/> ADVANCING TOOLS:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HAMMER TYPE:
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-45C	<input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-55	<input type="checkbox"/> 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER	
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-550	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS	CORE SIZE:
<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST	<input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS	<input type="checkbox"/> -B <input type="checkbox"/> -H
<input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST	<input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -N Q2
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER	HAND TOOLS:
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *STEEL TEETH	<input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE *TUNG-CARB.	<input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST

**ROCK DESCRIPTION**  
HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

	NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.
	FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.
	FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.
	COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.

**WEATHERING**

**FRESH** ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.

**VERY SLIGHT (IV SLI.)** ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.

**SLIGHT (SLI.)** ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.

**MODERATE (MOD.)** SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.

**MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)** ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. *IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL*

**SEVERE (SEV.)** ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. *IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF*

**VERY SEVERE (IV SEV.)** ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. *IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF*

**COMPLETE** ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.

**ROCK HARDNESS**

**VERY HARD** CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

**HARD** CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.

**MODERATELY HARD** CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.

**MEDIUM HARD** CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.

**SOFT** CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.

**VERY SOFT** CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.

FRACTURE SPACING		BEDDING	
TERM	SPACING	TERM	THICKNESS
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	4 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FOOT	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
		THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET

**INDURATION**

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.

**FRIABLE** RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.

**MODERATELY INDURATED** GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.

**INDURATED** GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.

**EXTREMELY INDURATED** SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

**TERMS AND DEFINITIONS**

**ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.)** - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.

**AQUIFER** - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.

**ARENACEOUS** - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.

**ARGILLACEOUS** - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.

**ARTESIAN** - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.

**CALCAREOUS (CALC.)** - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.

**COLLUVIUM** - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.

**CORE RECOVERY (REC.)** - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

**DIKE** - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

**DIP** - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.

**DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)** - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

**FAULT** - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.

**FISSILE** - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

**FLOAT** - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOADED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.

**FLOOD PLAIN (FP)** - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.

**FORMATION (FM)** - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.

**JOINT** - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

**LEDGE** - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.

**LENS** - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

**MOTTLED (MOT.)** - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.

**PERCHED WATER** - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

**RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL** - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.

**ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD)** - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

**SAPROLITE (SAP.)** - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.

**SILL** - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

**SLICKENSIDE** - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.

**STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT)** - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

**STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.)** - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

**STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD)** - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

**TOPSOIL (TS.)** - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

**BENCH MARK: \* SEE NOTE**

ELEVATION: FEET

**NOTES:**  
BENCH MARK BL-3, ELEVATION 855.37 FEET  
N 632848.5800 E 1236669.7600  
BENCH MARK BL-4, ELEVATION 848.23 FEET  
N 632746.8960 E 1236985.1100

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS  
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT**

# **SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION**

**SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES  
FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS**

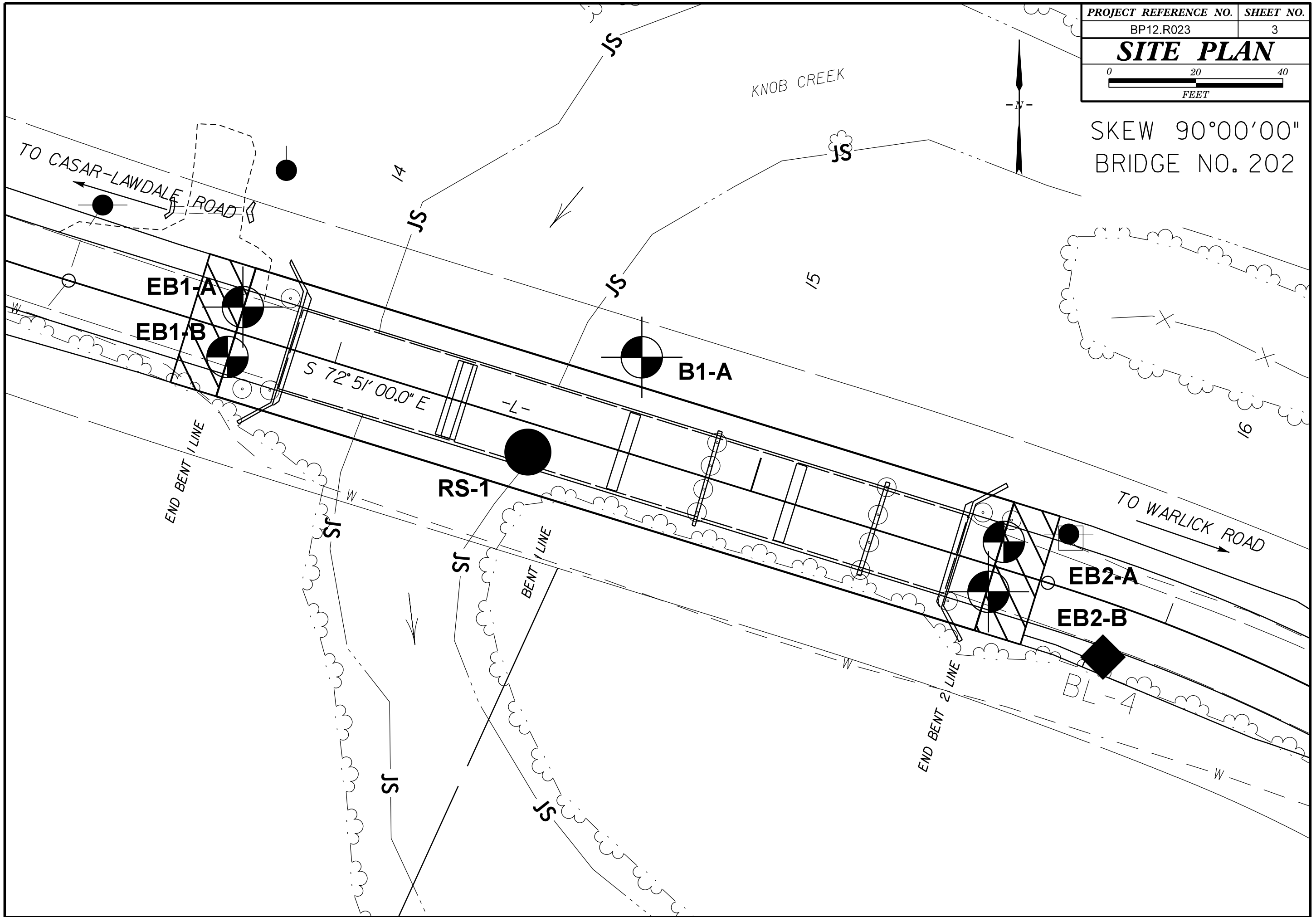
AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed Rock Mass (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Deformed Heterogeneous Rock Masses (Marinos and Hoek, 2000)

GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000)		SURFACE CONDITIONS					GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos, P and Hoek E., 2000)									
<p>From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis.</p>		VERY GOOD Very rough, fresh unweathered surfaces	GOOD Rough, slightly weathered, iron stained surfaces	FAIR Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces	POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments	VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings	<p>From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis.</p>									
		DECREASING SURFACE QUALITY →														
STRUCTURE		SURFACE CONDITIONS OF DISCONTINUITIES (Predominantly bedding planes)					COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE									
<p><b>INTACT OR MASSIVE</b> - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities</p> <p><b>BLOCKY</b> - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets</p> <p><b>VERY BLOCKY</b> - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets</p> <p><b>BLOCKY/DISTURBED/SEAMY</b> - folded with angular blocks formed by many intersecting discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity</p> <p><b>DISINTEGRATED</b> - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces</p> <p><b>LAMINATED/SHEARED</b> - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes</p>		<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">DECREASING INTERLOCKING OF ROCK PIECES</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">↓</p>					<p><b>A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone</b> The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability.</p> <p><b>B. Sandstone with thin inter-layers of siltstone</b>    <b>C. Sandstone and siltstone in similar amounts</b>    <b>D. Siltstone or silty shale with sandstone layers</b>    <b>E. Weak siltstone or clayey shale with sandstone layers</b></p> <p><b>F. Tectonically deformed, intensively folded/faulted, sheared clayey shale or siltstone with broken and deformed sandstone layers forming an almost chaotic structure</b></p> <p><b>G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers</b>    <b>H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces.</b></p> <p>→ Means deformation after tectonic disturbance</p>									
									<p>70</p> <p>60</p> <p>50</p> <p>40</p> <p>30</p> <p>20</p> <p>10</p>							
											<p>90</p> <p>80</p> <p>70</p> <p>60</p> <p>50</p> <p>40</p> <p>30</p> <p>20</p> <p>10</p>					
													<p>N/A</p> <p>N/A</p>			
															<p>N/A</p> <p>N/A</p>	

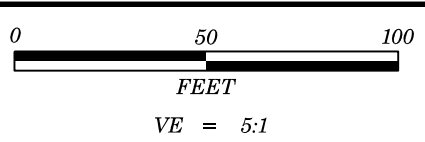
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
BP12.R023	3
<b>SITE PLAN</b>	
 0                      20                      40 FEET	

SKEW 90°00'00"  
BRIDGE NO. 202

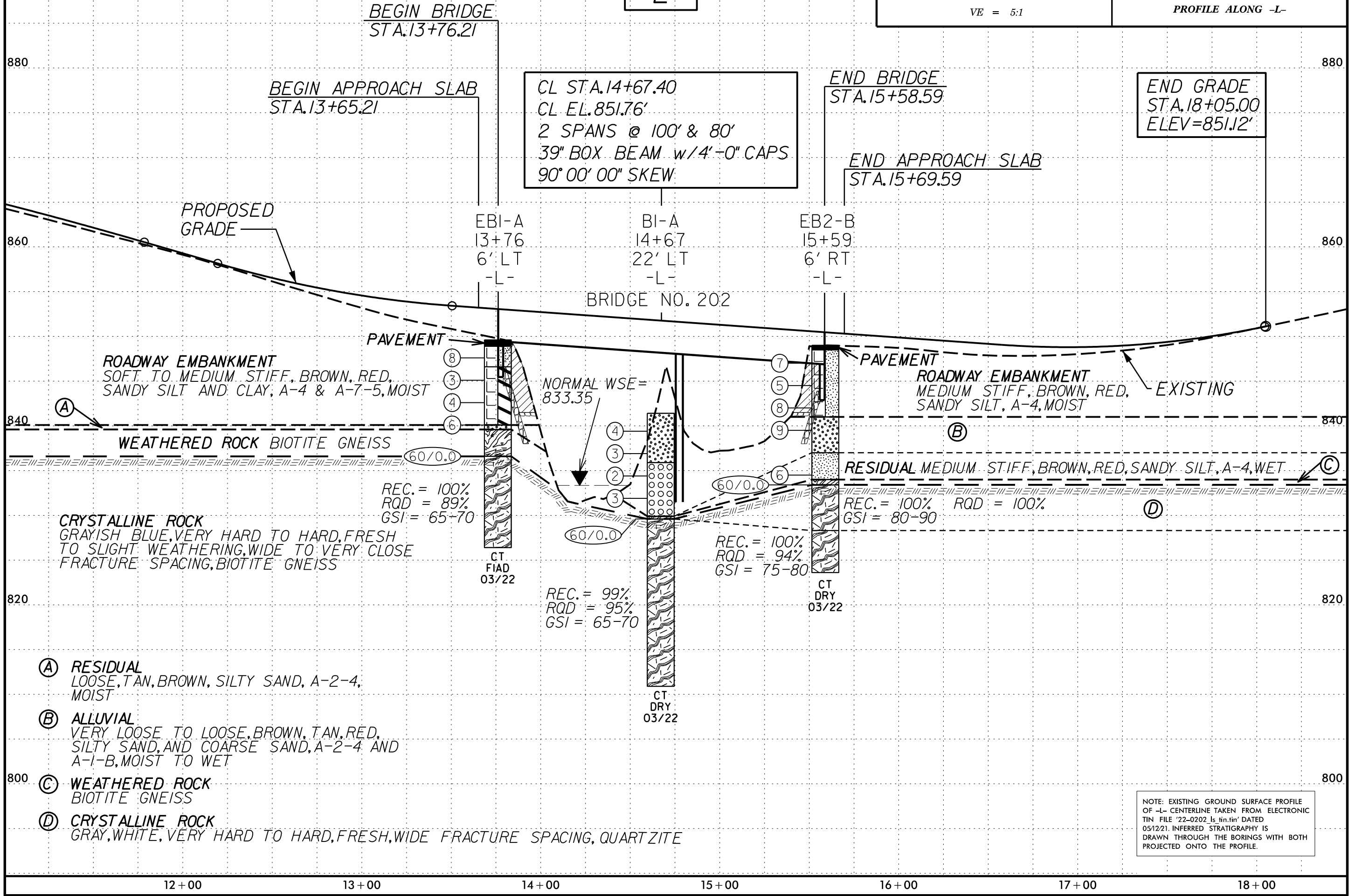


5/14/99

-L-



<b>PROJECT REFERENCE NO.</b>	<b>SHEET NO.</b>
BP12.R023	4
<b>PROFILE ALONG -L-</b>	



- Ⓐ **RESIDUAL**  
LOOSE, TAN, BROWN, SILTY SAND, A-2-4, MOIST
- Ⓑ **ALLUVIAL**  
VERY LOOSE TO LOOSE, BROWN, TAN, RED, SILTY SAND, AND COARSE SAND, A-2-4 AND A-1-B, MOIST TO WET
- Ⓒ **WEATHERED ROCK**  
BIOTITE GNEISS
- Ⓓ **CRYSTALLINE ROCK**  
GRAY, WHITE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH, WIDE FRACTURE SPACING, QUARTZITE

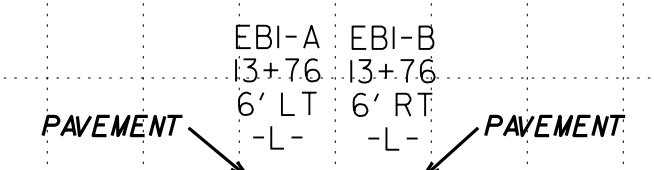
NOTE: EXISTING GROUND SURFACE PROFILE OF -L- CENTERLINE TAKEN FROM ELECTRONIC TIN FILE '22-0202\_ls\_tin.tin' DATED 05/12/21. INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY IS DRAWN THROUGH THE BORINGS WITH BOTH PROJECTED ONTO THE PROFILE.

6/23/16

# BRIDGE NO. 202

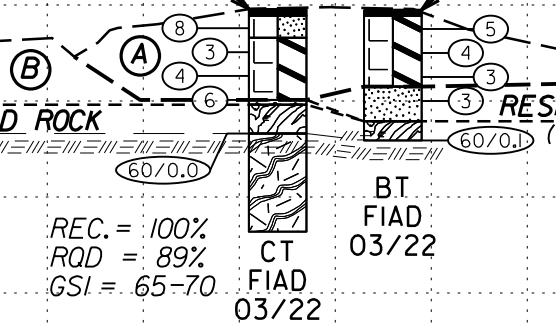
## END BENT 1

- (A) **ROADWAY EMBANKMENT**  
SOFT TO MED. STIFF, RED AND BROWN CLAY, A-7-5 AND SANDY SILT, A-4, MOIST
- (B) **RESIDUAL**  
LOOSE, TAN AND BROWN, SILTY SAND, A-2-4, MOIST



**WEATHERED ROCK**  
CRYSTALLINE ROCK  
GRAYISH BLUE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH TO SLIGHT WEATHERING, CLOSE TO VERY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS

**RESIDUAL SOFT, BROWN AND RED, SANDY SILT, A-4, WET (BIOTITE GNEISS)**

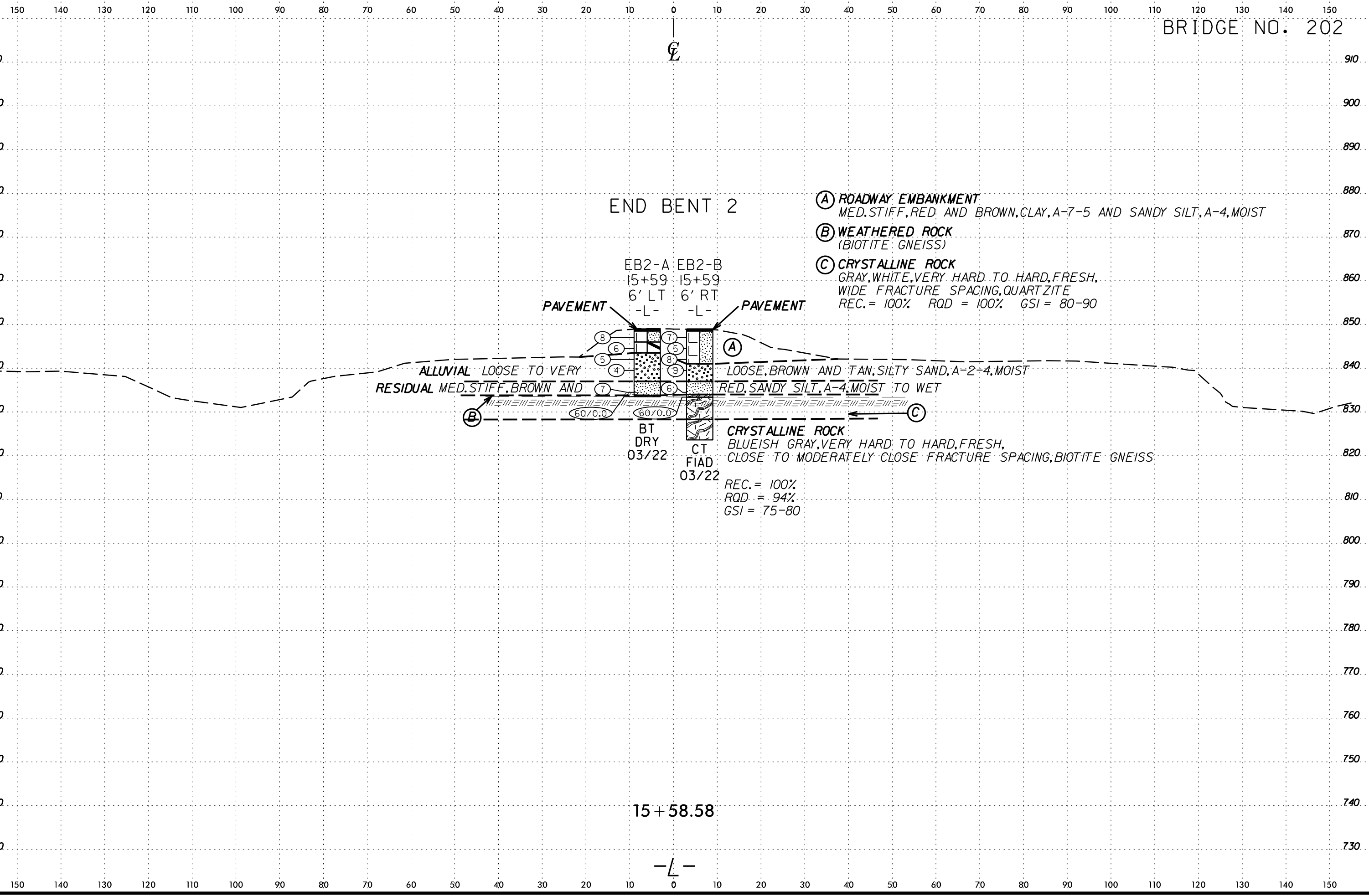


13+76.21

-L-

SYTIME CONSULTING ENGINEERS





BRIDGE NO. 202

### END BENT 2

EB2-A EB2-B  
 15+59 15+59  
 6' LT 6' RT  
 -L- -L-

PAVEMENT

PAVEMENT

- (A) ROADWAY EMBANKMENT  
MED. STIFF, RED AND BROWN, CLAY, A-7-5 AND SANDY SILT, A-4, MOIST
- (B) WEATHERED ROCK  
(BIOTITE GNEISS)
- (C) CRYSTALLINE ROCK  
GRAY, WHITE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH,  
WIDE FRACTURE SPACING, QUARTZITE  
REC. = 100% RQD = 100% GSI = 80-90

ALLUVIAL LOOSE TO VERY  
 RESIDUAL MED. STIFF, BROWN AND  
 LOOSE, BROWN AND TAN, SILTY SAND, A-2-4, MOIST  
 RED, SANDY SILT, A-4, MOIST TO WET

BT  
 DRY  
 03/22

CT  
 FIAD  
 03/22

CRYSTALLINE ROCK  
 BLUEISH GRAY, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH,  
 CLOSE TO MODERATELY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS  
 REC. = 100%  
 RQD = 94%  
 GSI = 75-80

15 + 58.58

-L-

SYTIME CONSTRUCTION SERVICES



# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS BP12.R023.1		TIP N/A		COUNTY CLEVELAND		GEOLOGIST Kebea, B.										
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. EB1-A		STATION 13+76		OFFSET 6 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-										
COLLAR ELEV. 849.6 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 23.2 ft		NORTHING 632,826		EASTING 1,236,787										
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022				DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER Little, J.		START DATE 03/24/22		COMP. DATE 03/24/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
850														849.6	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
	848.6	1.0	5	5	3									848.9	ASPHALT - 8 INCHES	0.7
	846.1	3.5	2	1	2									846.6	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT MED. STIFF, BROWN AND RED, SANDY SILT, A-4	3.0
	843.6	6.0	2	2	2										SOFT TO MED. STIFF, RED AND BROWN, CLAY, A-7-5	
	841.1	8.5	3	2	4									840.1	RESIDUAL	9.5
	836.6	13.0	60/0.0											839.6	LOOSE, TAN AND BROWN, SILTY SAND, A-2-4	10.0
														836.6	WEATHERED ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)	13.0
															CRYSTALLINE ROCK GRAYISH BLUE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH TO SLIGHT WEATHERING, CLOSE TO VERY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS	
															REC. = 100% RQD = 89%	23.2
															Boring Terminated at Elevation 826.4 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)	

WBS BP12.R023.1		TIP N/A		COUNTY CLEVELAND		GEOLOGIST Kebea, B.						
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							GROUND WTR (ft)					
BORING NO. EB1-A		STATION 13+76		OFFSET 6 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-						
COLLAR ELEV. 849.6 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 23.2 ft		NORTHING 632,826		EASTING 1,236,787						
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022				DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core		HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER Little, J.		START DATE 03/24/22		COMP. DATE 03/24/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
CORE SIZE NQ		TOTAL RUN 10.2 ft										
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
836.55											Begin Coring @ 13.0 ft	
	836.6	13.0	2.5	1:00/0.5	(2.5)	(1.4)		(10.2)	(9.1)		CRYSTALLINE ROCK	13.0
	834.1	15.5	5.0	1:00 1:30	100%	56%		100%	89%		GRAYISH BLUE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH TO SLIGHT WEATHERING, CLOSE TO VERY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS	
				1:30 1:30 1:45 2:15	(5.0) 100%	(5.0) 100%					GSI = 65-70	
	829.1	20.5	2.7	1:45 1:45	(2.7)	(2.7)						
	826.4	23.2		1:15/0.7	100%	100%					Boring Terminated at Elevation 826.4 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)	23.2

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

## BORE LOG

<b>WBS</b> BP12.R023.1		<b>TIP</b> N/A		<b>COUNTY</b> CLEVELAND		<b>GEOLOGIST</b> Kebea, B.										
<b>SITE DESCRIPTION</b> BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							<b>GROUND WTR (ft)</b>									
<b>BORING NO.</b> EB1-B		<b>STATION</b> 13+76		<b>OFFSET</b> 6 ft RT		<b>ALIGNMENT</b> -L-										
<b>COLLAR ELEV.</b> 849.5 ft		<b>TOTAL DEPTH</b> 13.6 ft		<b>NORTHING</b> 632,817		<b>EASTING</b> 1,236,784										
<b>DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE</b> SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022				<b>DRILL METHOD</b> H.S. Augers		<b>HAMMER TYPE</b> Automatic										
<b>DRILLER</b> Little, J.		<b>START DATE</b> 03/25/22		<b>COMP. DATE</b> 03/25/22		<b>SURFACE WATER DEPTH</b> N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100			ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)		
850														849.5	0.0	GROUND SURFACE
	848.5	1.0	3	3	2								M	848.9	0.8	ASPHALT - 7 INCHES
	846.0	3.5	2	2	2								M			ROADWAY EMBANKMENT MED. STIFF, TO SOFT, BROWN AND RED, CLAY, A-7-5
845	843.5	6.0	2	2	1								M			
	841.0	8.5	2	2	1								M	841.5	8.0	RESIDUAL
840													W			SOFT, BROWN AND RED, SANDY SILT, A-4
														837.9	11.6	WEATHERED ROCK
	836.0	13.5	60/0.1											835.9	13.6	(BIOTITE GNEISS)
																Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 835.9 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BP12.R023\_GEO\_BRIDGE0202.GPJ NC\_DOT.GDT 5/26/22

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

## BORE LOG

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

## CORE LOG

WBS BP12.R023.1		TIP N/A		COUNTY CLEVELAND		GEOLOGIST Kebea, B.								
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							GROUND WTR (ft)							
BORING NO. B1-A		STATION 14+67		OFFSET 22 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-								
COLLAR ELEV. 841.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 30.5 ft		NORTHING 632,814		EASTING 1,236,880								
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022				DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core		HAMMER TYPE Automatic								
DRILLER Little, J.		START DATE 03/28/22		COMP. DATE 03/28/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A								
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT				SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75					100
845												841.4	GROUND SURFACE	0.0
840	840.4	1.0	3	2	2						M	ALLUVIAL VERY LOOSE, BROWN AND RED, SILTY SAND, A-2-4		
	837.9	3.5	2	1	2						M			
835	835.4	6.0	2	1	1						M	VERY LOOSE, BROWN AND TAN, SAND, A-1-b	5.5	
	832.9	8.5	1	2	1						W			
830	829.6	11.8	60/0.0									WEATHERED ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS) CRYSTALLINE ROCK	11.5	
												GRAYISH BLUE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH TO SLIGHT WEATHERING, WIDE TO VERY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS		
825												REC. = 99% RQD = 95%		
820												-QUARTZITE LENS FROM DEPTHS 18.6' TO 19.1'-		
815														
													Boring Terminated at Elevation 810.9 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)	30.5

WBS BP12.R023.1		TIP N/A		COUNTY CLEVELAND		GEOLOGIST Kebea, B.							
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							GROUND WTR (ft)						
BORING NO. B1-A		STATION 14+67		OFFSET 22 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-							
COLLAR ELEV. 841.4 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 30.5 ft		NORTHING 632,814		EASTING 1,236,880							
DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022				DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core		HAMMER TYPE Automatic							
DRILLER Little, J.		START DATE 03/28/22		COMP. DATE 03/28/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A							
CORE SIZE NQ			TOTAL RUN 18.7 ft										
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)	
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %				
829.57											Begin Coring @ 11.8 ft		
	829.6	11.8	3.7	1:15/0.7 1:30 1:30 1:45	(3.7) 100%	(3.3) 89%		(18.6) 99%	(17.8) 95%		CRYSTALLINE ROCK	11.8	
825	825.9	15.5	5.0	1:30 1:45 2:00 2:30 2:15	(5.0) 100%	(5.0) 100%					GRAYISH BLUE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH TO SLIGHT WEATHERING, WIDE TO VERY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS		
											GSI = 65-70		
820	820.9	20.5	5.0	2:00 1:30 2:00 1:45 2:15	(4.9) 98%	(4.8) 96%							
											-QUARTZITE LENS FROM DEPTHS 18.6' TO 19.1'-		
815	815.9	25.5	5.0	1:15 1:15 2:30 1:45 1:15	(5.0) 100%	(4.7) 94%							
	810.9	30.5										Boring Terminated at Elevation 810.9 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)	30.5

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT

## BORE LOG

<b>WBS</b> BP12.R023.1		<b>TIP</b> N/A		<b>COUNTY</b> CLEVELAND		<b>GEOLOGIST</b> Kebea, B.										
<b>SITE DESCRIPTION</b> BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							<b>GROUND WTR (ft)</b>									
<b>BORING NO.</b> EB2-A		<b>STATION</b> 15+59		<b>OFFSET</b> 6 ft LT		<b>ALIGNMENT</b> -L-										
<b>COLLAR ELEV.</b> 849.0 ft		<b>TOTAL DEPTH</b> 15.5 ft		<b>NORTHING</b> 632,772		<b>EASTING</b> 1,236,962										
<b>DRILL RIGHAMMER EFF./DATE</b> SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022				<b>DRILL METHOD</b> H.S. Augers		<b>HAMMER TYPE</b> Automatic										
<b>DRILLER</b> Little, J.		<b>START DATE</b> 03/25/22		<b>COMP. DATE</b> 03/25/22		<b>SURFACE WATER DEPTH</b> N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION			
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100			ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)		
850														849.0	0.0	GROUND SURFACE
	848.0	1.0	3	4	4									848.5	0.5	ASPHALT - 6 INCHES
845	845.5	3.5	4	3	3									846.0	3.0	<b>ROADWAY EMBANKMENT</b> MED. STIFF, BROWN AND RED, SANDY SILT, A-4
	843.0	6.0	1	3	2									843.5	5.5	MED. STIFF, BROWN AND RED, CLAY, A-7-5
840	840.5	8.5	1	2	2											<b>ALLUVIAL</b> LOOSE TO VERY LOOSE, BROWN AND TAN, SILTY SAND, A-2-4
	837.0													837.0	12.0	
835	835.5	13.5	3	3	4									833.8	15.2	<b>RESIDUAL</b> MED. STIFF, BROWN AND RED, SANDY SILT, A-4
	833.5	15.5												833.5	15.5	<b>WEATHERED ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)</b> Boring Terminated WITH STANDARD PENETRATION TEST REFUSAL at Elevation 833.5 ft ON CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)

NCDOT BORE DOUBLE BP12.R023\_GEO\_BRIDGE0202.GPJ NC\_DOT.GDT 5/26/22

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT BORE LOG

# GEOTECHNICAL BORING REPORT CORE LOG

WBS BP12.R023.1		TIP N/A		COUNTY CLEVELAND		GEOLOGIST Kebea, B.									
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							GROUND WTR (ft)								
BORING NO. EB2-B		STATION 15+59		OFFSET 6 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-									
COLLAR ELEV. 849.0 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 25.4 ft		NORTHING 632,763		EASTING 1,236,959									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022		DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core		HAMMER TYPE Automatic											
DRILLER Little, J.		START DATE 03/24/22		COMP. DATE 03/24/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A									
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)	
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100					
850														849.0 GROUND SURFACE 0.0	
	848.0	1.0	3	4	3									848.5 ASPHALT - 6 INCHES 0.5	
845	845.5	3.5	5	3	2									ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	
	843.0	6.0	8	5	3									MED. STIFF, BROWN AND RED, SANDY SILT, A-4	
840	840.5	8.5	1	4	5									ALLUVIAL	
	835.5	13.5	2	2	4									LOOSE, BROWN AND TAN, SILTY SAND, A-2-4	
835	833.4	15.6	60/0.0											RESIDUAL	
														MED. STIFF, BROWN AND RED, SANDY SILT, A-4	
830														WEATHERED ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)	
														CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
														WHITE, GRAY, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH, WIDE FRACTURE SPACING, QUARTZITE	
														REC. = 100% RQD = 100%	
825														CRYSTALLINE ROCK	
														GRAYISH BLUE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH, CLOSE TO MODERATELY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS	
														REC. = 100% RQD = 94%	
														Boring Terminated at Elevation 823.6 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)	

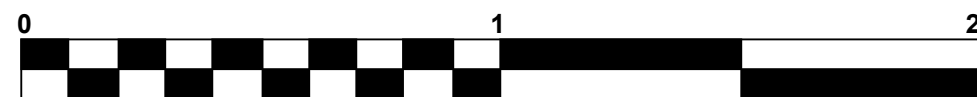
WBS BP12.R023.1		TIP N/A		COUNTY CLEVELAND		GEOLOGIST Kebea, B.				
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 202 ON SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK							GROUND WTR (ft)			
BORING NO. EB2-B		STATION 15+59		OFFSET 6 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-				
COLLAR ELEV. 849.0 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 25.4 ft		NORTHING 632,763		EASTING 1,236,959				
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE SME6573 CME-550X 82% 5/11/2022		DRILL METHOD NW Casing WSPT & Core		HAMMER TYPE Automatic						
DRILLER Little, J.		START DATE 03/24/22		COMP. DATE 03/24/22		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A				
CORE SIZE NQ		TOTAL RUN 9.8 ft		RUN		STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.			
833.37	833.4	15.6	4.7	1:45/0.7 3:45 6:00	(4.7) 100%	(4.7) 100%		(5.1) 100%	(5.1) 100%	833.4
										Begin Coring @ 15.6 ft
830	828.7	20.3	5.1	1:45 1:30 1:30	(5.1) 100%	(4.8) 94%		(4.7) 100%	(4.4) 94%	828.3
										CRYSTALLINE ROCK
										GRAY, WHITE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH, WIDE FRACTURE SPACING, QUARTZITE
										GSI = 80-90
825	823.6	25.4		1:15 1:30						823.6
										CRYSTALLINE ROCK
										GRAYISH BLUE, VERY HARD TO HARD, FRESH, CLOSE TO MODERATELY CLOSE FRACTURE SPACING, BIOTITE GNEISS
										GSI = 75-80
										Boring Terminated at Elevation 823.6 ft IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (BIOTITE GNEISS)



# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

## EB1-A

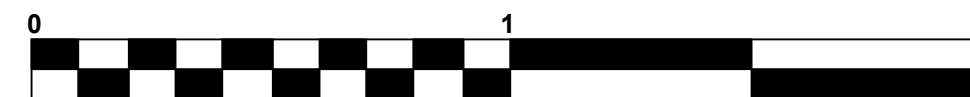
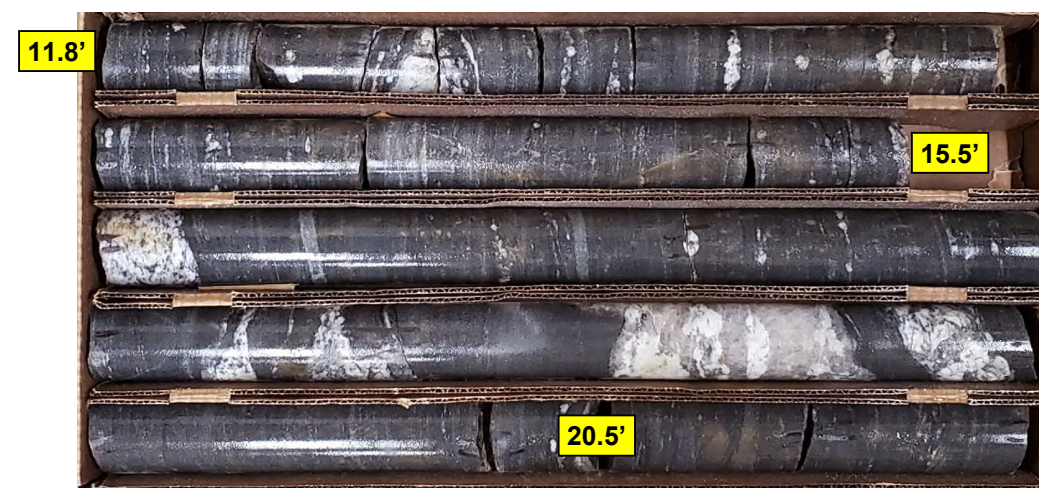
BOXES 1 & 2: 13.0 – 23.2 FEET



FEET

## B1-A

BOXES 1 & 2: 11.8 – 30.5 FEET



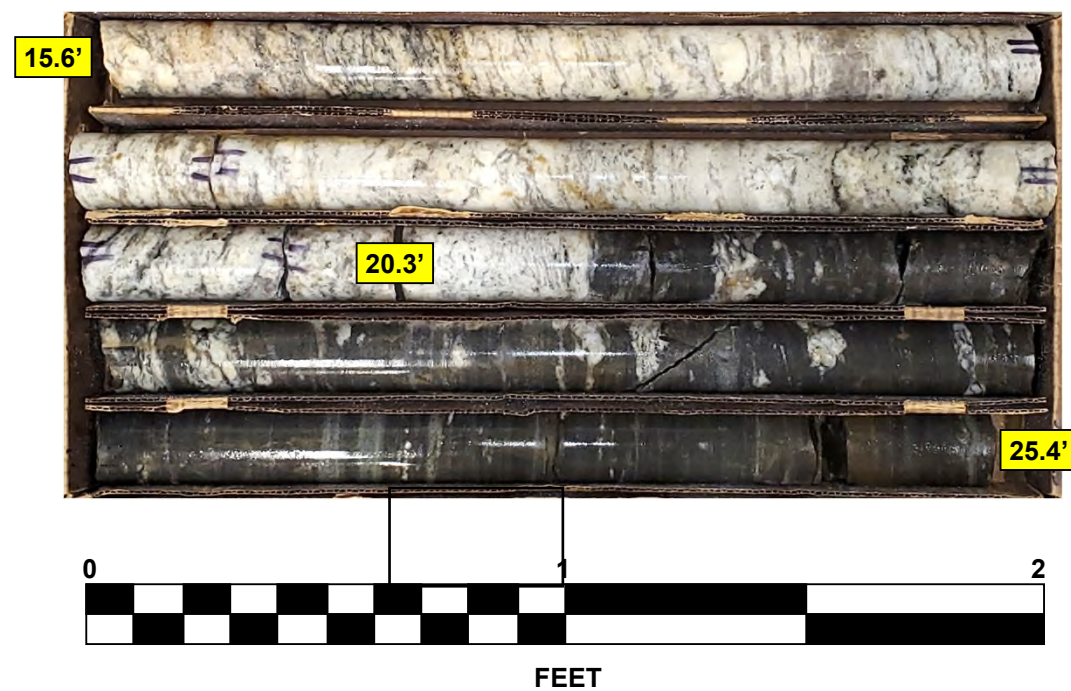
FEET



# CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

## EB2-B

BOX 1: 15.6 – 25.4 FEET





PROJECT NUMBER	BP12.R023	ID	N/A	CO	Cleveland	GEO	B. Kebea
SITE DESC	Bridge No. 202 on SR 1639 OVER KNOB CREEK						
BORING NUMBER	RS-1	STA	14+50	OFFSET	7 FT	RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
ELEVATION	838.63 FT	TOTAL DEPTH	8.8 FT	NORTH	632,794	EAST	1,236,853
WORK PERFORMED	Rod Soundings						
START DATE	03/30/22	COMP DATE	03/30/22	SURFACE WTR DEPTH	N/A	FT	DEPTH TO ROCK 8.8 FT

DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					Notes
	0.5 ft	0.5 ft	TOTAL	0	25	50	75	100	
1	1	1	2						Rod Sounding       8.8 feet
1	0	1							
1	3	4							
3	3	6							
5	4	9							
6	7	13							
7	5	12							
7	9	16							
32	68/0.3'	100/0.8'							Rod Sounding Refusal at 8.8 feet on WR
10									
15									
20									
25									
30									
35									

NOTES N/A

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DECK TO DATUM DISTANCE N/A FT

SIGNATURE \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

NOTES

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RED LINE



# SITE PHOTOGRAPH

Bridge No. 202 on -L- (SR 1639) over Knob Creek



Looking downstation towards Highway 74